# 五年级下册 Module 1 达标测试卷

听力部分

# 

一、听录音,按听到的顺序为下列图片排序。(7分)

二、听录音,选出你所听到的句子。(10分)

- ( ) 1. A. There are many televisions now.
  - B. There were many telephones.
- ( ) 2. A. Four years ago, there was a small house.

B. Four years ago, we lived in a small house.

( ) 3. A. She cooks on a fire.

B. She cooked on a fire.

- ( ) 4. A. We watched TV last night.
  - B. We watch TV every night.
- ( ) 5. A. I miss my grandma.

B. He misses his grandpa.

# 三、听录音,给下列句子排序。(5分)

( ) It's a programme about China.



- ( ) We've got lots of food.
- ( ) Thank you for talking to us.
- ( ) She couldn't read or write.
- ( ) He didn't have any legs then.

### 四、听录音,给所听问句选择合适的答语。(8分)

( ) 1. A. I was in the park. B. Yes, I was. C. I'm at home. ) 2. A. I can jump high. B. We lived in a small house. ( C. There are buses and cars. ) 3. A. I buy a book. B. Yes, I did. C. I played football there. ( ) 4. A. No, there weren't. B. Yes, there are. C. Yes, there weren't. (

# 笔试部分

# 五、找出下列各组单词中不同类的一个。(5分)

(	) 1. A. car	B. bus	C. house
(	) 2. A. egg	B. apple	C. fire
(	) 3. A. write	B. read	C. night
(	) 4. A. big	B. small	C. live
(	) 5. A. worked	B. get	C. washed

# 六、选择合适的单词补全句子。(5分)

1. I'm \_\_\_\_\_(come, coming), Mum.

- 2. Life \_\_\_\_\_(was, is) very different in China many years ago.
- 3. They didn't \_\_\_\_\_(have, had) enough food ten years ago.
- 4. My grandma \_\_\_\_\_(talk, talked) about her life twenty years ago.
- 5. He \_\_\_\_\_(have, has) got strong legs.



#### 七、从方框中选择合适的单词完成句子。(10分)

in on about with of

1. My grandparents worked \_\_\_\_\_\_ the fields many years ago.

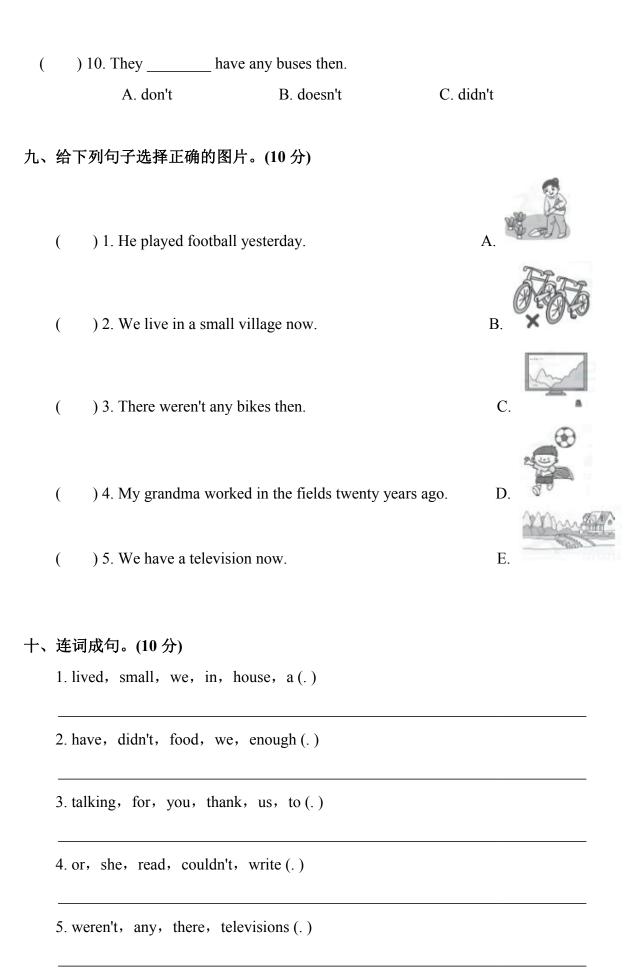
- 2. There are lots\_\_\_\_\_ cars and buses now.
- 3. The old lady cooked \_\_\_\_\_\_ a fire then.
- 4. I watched a television programme \_\_\_\_\_\_ animals last night.

5. Amy is in China \_\_\_\_\_ her parents.

## 八、单项选择。(10分)

(	) 1. Thank you	talking to us.			
	A. for	B. of	C. to		
(	) 2. There lo	ts of buses and cars now.			
	A. is	B. are	C. was		
(	) 3. There weren't	televisions.			
	A. much	B. some	C. any		
(	) 4. We have	lots of food.			
	A. get	B. got	C. take		
(	) 5. The old lady couldn't read write.				
	A. and	B. with	C. or		
(	) 6. —What	you do yesterday?			
	—I sho	pping with my parents.			
	A. did; went	B. do; go	C. did; go		
( ) 7. — were you last night?					
	—I was in the library.				
	A. What	B. When	C. Where		
(	) 8. There n	8. There many trees in the park many years ago.			
	A. are	B. were	C. is		
(	) 9. Daming can	really far.			
	A. jump	B. jumping	C. jumped		







#### 十一、阅读短文,根据短文内容判断句子的正(T)误(F)。(10分)(建议用时:4分钟)

Five years ago, we lived in a small house. There was a small tree beside the house. There was a small dog in my house.

Now, we live in a big house. There is a big tree beside the house. There are three dogs in my house.

- ( ) 1. There is a small tree beside the house now.
- ( ) 2. There was a small dog in my house five years ago.
- ( ) 3. We live in a big house now.
- ( ) 4. There are two dogs in my house now.
- ( ) 5. Everything is changing.

## 十二、作文。(10分)

以"Life is changing"为题描述一下你和家人过去和现在生活上的变化。

提示:可以从家里用的电器,爸爸妈妈的上班方式以及住房等方面写。

要求: 语法正确, 不少于 40 词。

#### Life is changing



# 五年级下册 Module 1 达标测试卷参考答案

# 听力部分

#### 原文:

-, 1. telephone 2. write 3. lady 4. radio 5. television 6. field 7. fire

 $\Box$ , 1. There are many televisions now.

- 2. Four years ago, we lived in a small house.
- 3. She cooked on a fire.
- 4. We watched TV last night.
- 5. I miss my grandma.
- $\equiv$  1. She couldn't read or write.
  - 2. He didn't have any legs then.
  - 3. We've got lots of food.
  - 4. Thank you for talking to us.
  - 5. It's a programme about China.
- 四、1. Where were you three days ago?
  - 2. How was life different many years ago?
  - 3. What did you do there?
  - 4. Were there any trees near the house?

#### 答案:

-、2 1 5 6 3 7 4 二、1.A 2.B 3.B 4.A 5.A 三、5 3 4 1 2 四、1.A 2.B 3.C 4.A

# 笔试部分

五、1.C 2.C 3.C 4.C

5. B A、C 项都是动词的过去式, 而 B 项是动词原形。

 $\overrightarrow{1}$ , 1. coming 2. was 3. have 4. talked 5. has

6 / 7



- 七、1. in 2. of 3. on 4. about 5. with
- 八、1.A [点拨] Thank you for doing... 意为"因做……而感谢你。"
  - 2. B [点拨] 由 now 可知本句是一般现在时, lots of buses and cars "许多公交车和小汽车" 表示复数意义, 故此处用 be 动词 are。
  - 3.C [点拨] televisions 为可数名词的复数形式,又因该句为否定句,故用 any。
  - 4. B
  - 5.C [点拨] or 用于否定句。
  - 6. A
  - 7.C [点拨] 根据答语可知问句意为"你昨天晚上在哪里?"故用特殊疑问词 Where。
  - 8. B [点拨] 由 many years ago 可知本句是一般过去时,主语 many trees 是复数形式,故用 were。
  - 9. A [点拨] 情态动词 can 后跟动词原形。
  - 10.C [点拨] 由句中 then 可知此句是一般过去时,故用 didn't。

九、1.D 2.E 3.B 4.A 5.C

- +, 1. We lived in a small house.
  - 2. We didn't have enough food.
  - 3. Thank you for talking to us.
  - 4. She couldn't read or write.
  - 5. There weren't any televisions.

+-, 1.F 2.T 3.T 4.F 5.T

十二、范文:

#### Life is changing

Ten years ago, we lived in a small house. It was very old. We didn't have a computer or a car. My parents went to work by bike. There was a small tree behind the house. Now we live in a big and beautiful house. There is a very big tree behind my house. We have a computer and a car. My parents go to work by car. We are very happy now.

